

New York State Department of Health 2020 Nursing Home Quality Initiative Methodology

March 2021 updated

The 2020 Nursing Home Quality Initiative (NHQI) is comprised of three components: **[1]** the Quality Component (quality measures), **[2]** the Compliance Component (compliance with reporting), **[3]** and the Efficiency Component (potentially avoidable hospitalizations). The NHQI 2020 score is worth a maximum 90 points. The NHQI score is reduced from 100 points (previous NHQI) to 90 points (NHQI 2020) reflecting the removal of the two employee influenza vaccination measures (Percent of employees vaccinated for influenza and Timely submission of employee influenza vaccination data). These measures are removed from the NHQI 2020 due to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

Quality Component (65 points)

Quality measures are calculated from MDS 3.0 data, the CMS' Payroll Based Journal Public Use Files (PBJ PUFs) and the Nursing home compare data.

- The allotted 65 points for quality are distributed evenly for all quality measures. The NHQI includes 13 quality measures with each measure being worth a maximum of 5 points.
- The quintiles and results are based on the same measurement year. Therefore, only a certain number of nursing homes are able to achieve these quintiles for each measure. The results are not rounded until after determining the quintile for measures. For measures with very narrow ranges of performance, two facilities may be placed in different quintiles and receive different points, but after rounding, the facilities may have the same rate.
- For quality measures that are awarded points based on their quintile distribution, nursing homes will be rewarded for achieving high performance as well as improvement from previous year's performance. Note that improvement points will not apply to quality measures that are based on threshold values. See the Quality Point Grid for Attainment and Improvement below. Assuming each quality measure is worth 5 points, the distribution of points based on two years of performance is demonstrated in the grid.

Quality Point Grid for Attainment and Improvement

		Year 1 Performance				
		Quintiles	1	2	3	4
Year 2 Performance	1 (best)	5	5	5	5	5
	2	3	3	4	4	4
	3	1	1	1	2	2
	4	0	0	0	0	1
	5	0	0	0	0	0

Year 1 = 2019 (2018 measurement year)

Year 2 = 2020 (2019 measurement year)

For example, if 2019 NHQI performance (Year 1) is in the third quintile, and 2020 NHQI performance (Year 2) is in the second quintile, the facility will receive 4 points for the measure. This is 3 points for attaining the second quintile and 1 point for improvement from the previous year's third quintile.

Table 1a. Quality Component – Measurement Period by Data Sources

Data source	Measurement Period
MDS 3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> October 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019 (Percent of long stay residents who received the seasonal influenza vaccine) Calendar year 2019 (all other MDS based quality measures)
The CMS’ Payroll Based Journal Public Use Files	Calendar year 2019
The CMS’ Nursing home compare data (Staffing file)	Calendar year 2019

Table 1b. Quality Component - Measures

Number	Measure	Measure Steward	Data Source	Scoring Method	Notes	Eligible for Improvement in 2019 NHQI
1	Percent of contract/agency staff used	NYSDOH	The CMS’ quarterly Payroll Based Journal Public Use Files for calendar year (PBJ Daily Nurse Staffing CY Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4)	Threshold	Maximum points are awarded if the rate is less than 10%, and zero points if the rate is 10% or greater.	No
2	Rate of staffing hours per resident per day	NYSDOH	Staffing file downloaded from the CMS’ Nursing home compare data archive for calendar year. The staffing hours in the staffing file are reported through PBJ.	Quintile		Yes
3	Percent of long stay high risk residents with pressure ulcers	CMS	MDS 3.0	Quintile	Risk adjusted by the NYSDOH	Yes
4	Percent of long stay residents who received the pneumococcal vaccine*	CMS	MDS 3.0	Quintile		Yes
5	Percent of long stay residents who received the seasonal influenza vaccine*	CMS	MDS 3.0	Quintile		Yes

* a higher rate is better

Table 1. Quality Component - Measures (continued)

Number	Measure	Measure Steward	Data Source	Scoring Method	Notes	Eligible for Improvement in 2019 NHQI
6	Percent of long stay residents experiencing one or more falls with major injury	CMS	MDS 3.0	Threshold	Maximum points are awarded if the rate is equal to or less than 5%, and zero points if the rate is greater than 5%.	No (Scoring method change)
7	Percent of long stay residents who have depressive symptoms	CMS	MDS 3.0	Quintile		Yes
8	Percent of long stay low risk residents who lose control of their bowel or bladder	CMS	MDS 3.0	Quintile		Yes
9	Percent of long stay residents who lose too much weight	CMS	MDS 3.0	Quintile	Risk adjusted by the NYSDOH	Yes
10	Percent of long stay residents with dementia who received an antipsychotic medication	PQA	MDS 3.0	Quintile		Yes
11	Percent of long stay residents who self-report moderate to severe pain	CMS	MDS 3.0	Threshold	Risk adjusted by the NYSDOH. Maximum points are awarded if the rate is equal to or less than 5%, and zero points if the rate is greater than 5%.	No (Scoring method change)
12	Percent of long stay residents whose need for help with daily activities has increased	CMS	MDS 3.0	Quintile		Yes
13	Percent of long stay residents with a urinary tract infection	CMS	MDS 3.0	Threshold	Maximum points are awarded if the rate is equal to or less than 5%, and zero points if the rate is greater than 5%.	No (Scoring method change)

* a higher rate is better

Compliance Component (15 points)

The compliance component consists of **two** measures: CMS' five-star quality rating for health inspections and timely submission of nursing home certified cost reports.

- CMS Five-Star Quality Rating for Health Inspections (regionally adjusted)
 - The **health inspection survey scores** will be downloaded from CMS. These scores will be used to calculate cut points for each region in the state. Regions include the Metropolitan Area, Western New York, Capital District, and Central New York. Per CMS' methodology, the top 10% of nursing homes will receive five stars, the middle 70% will receive four, three, or two stars, and the bottom 20% will receive one star. Each nursing home will be awarded a Five-Star Quality Rating based on the cut points calculated from the health inspection survey scores within its region. **Ten** points are awarded for obtaining five stars or the top 10 percent (lowest 10 percent in terms of health inspection deficiency score). **Seven** points for obtaining four stars, **four** points for obtaining three stars, **two** points for obtaining two stars, and **zero** points for one star.
- Timely submission measures
 - Submission of certified and complete nursing home cost reports to the NYSDOH by the deadlines as specified by the Bureau of Residential Health Care Reimbursement, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, is worth five points.

Table 2. Compliance Component Measures

Number	Measure	Measure Steward	Data Source and Measurement Period	Scoring Method
1	CMS Five-Star Quality Rating for Health Inspections (regionally adjusted)	CMS	CMS health inspection survey scores (as of April 2020)	5 stars=10 points 4 stars=7 points 3 stars=4 points 2 stars=2 points 1 star=0 points
2	Timely submission of certified and complete nursing home cost reports	NYSDOH	Nursing home cost report, 2019 calendar year for calendar filers and 2019 fiscal year for fiscal filers	Five points for timely submission of the certified and complete cost report

Efficiency Component (10 points)

- To align with the other CMS quality measures, the Potentially Avoidable Hospitalizations rate will be calculated for each quarter, then averaged to create an annual average.
- The PAH measure is risk-adjusted.

Table 3. Efficiency Component Measures

Number	Measure	Measure Steward	Data Source and Measurement Period	Scoring Method
1	Potentially Avoidable Hospitalizations	NYSDOH	MDS 3.0 and SPARCS, 2019 calendar year	Quintile 1=10 points Quintile 2=8 points Quintile 3=6 points Quintile 4=2 points Quintile 5=0 points

Scoring

The facility's overall score will be calculated by summing the points for each measure in the NHQI. In the event that a measure cannot be used due to small sample size or unavailable data, the maximum attainable points will be reduced for that facility. For example, if a facility has a small sample size on two of its quality measures (each 5 points), the maximum attainable points will be 80 rather than 90. The sum of its points will be divided by 80 to calculate its total score. The example below provides a mathematical illustration of this method.

Table 4. Calculating the overall score without and with small sample size

	Facility A	Facility B
	no small sample size	small sample size on two quality measures
Sum of points	70	70
Maximum points attainable	90	80
Score ratio (points/maximum)	0.78	0.88
Final score	78	88

Ineligibility for NHQI Ranking

Due to the severity of letter J, K, and L health inspection deficiencies, receipt of a deficiency is incorporated into the NHQI. Nursing homes that receive one or more of these deficiencies are not eligible to be ranked into overall quintiles. J, K, and L deficiencies indicate a Level 4 immediate jeopardy, which is the highest level of severity for deficiencies on a health inspection. Immediate jeopardy indicates that the deficiency resulted in noncompliance and immediate action was necessary, and the event caused or was likely to cause serious injury, harm, impairment, or death to the resident(s).

- Deficiency data shows a J/K/L deficiency between July 1 of the measurement year (2019) and June 30 of the reporting year (2020).
- Deficiencies will be assessed on October 1 of the reporting year to allow a three-month window for potential Informal Dispute Resolutions (IDR) to process.
- Any **new** J/K/L deficiencies between July 1 and September 30 of the reporting year (2020) will **not** be included in the current NHQI; they will be included in the next NHQI cycle.
- If a JKL citation is found to be expunged or lowered based upon an IDR panel review, the Department reserves the right to make the adjustments.

Nursing Home Exclusions from NHQI

The following types of facilities will be excluded from the NHQI and will not contribute to the pool or be eligible for payment:

- Non-Medicaid facilities
- Any facility designated by CMS as a Special Focus Facility at any time during 2019 or 2020, prior to the final calculation of the NHQI
- Specialty facilities
- Specialty units within a nursing home (i.e. AIDS, pediatric specialty, traumatic brain injury, ventilator dependent, behavioral intervention, neurodegenerative units)
- Continuing Care Retirement Communities
- Transitional Care Units

For more information about the NHQI methodology, please contact the Office of Quality and Patient Safety at NHQP@health.ny.gov.

Measure specifications for the CMS Quality Measures used in the NHQI can be found in the MDS 3.0 Quality Measures User's Manual, Version 12.1, at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/NursingHomeQualityInits/Downloads/MDS-30-QM-USERS-MANUAL-v121.pdf>.

Measure specifications for the Pharmacy Quality Alliance's percent of long stay residents with dementia who received an antipsychotic medication measure can be found at http://www.qualityforum.org/Measures_Reports_Tools.aspx.